#### Making Changes:

## Cognitive Behavior Therapy for Binge Eating Disorder

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# Making Changes Week 3

Choosing Your Lifestyle Plan

#### Weight Management Options

- Healthy Living
- Weight Loss Through Lifestyle Change
- Weight Loss Medications
- Bariatric Surgery

- Healthy Living: Food
  - A nutritionally balanced, low-fat plan
  - Designed to meet your body's energy needs, modified for obesity.
  - Includes treats and "exceptional" days
  - The established CBT approach to treating BED and eliminating binge eating
  - Use self-monitoring to identify and resolve triggers for binge eating.

- Healthy Living: Physical Activity
  - Regular physical activity within guidelines.
  - Either structured, or built into lifestyle
    - 60 minutes built into your lifestyle
    - 30 minutes, 5 days per week of planned activity

- Healthy Living: Weight
  - With cessation of binge eating, weight gain expected to stop
  - May experience up to 5% weight loss
  - May not experience any weight loss
    - Body image based on accepting your "natural" weight.

- Healthy Living: Health
  - Nutrition
    - There are research findings showing certain nutritional choices reduce the risk of chronic diseases. We will provide you with this information.
  - Physical Fitness
    - There is <u>strong</u> evidence that fitness is associated with good health in every weight class.
    - If you are concerned with health, becoming active should be one of your greatest priorities.
- Healthy Living: Body Image
  - You will work at improving body image through CBT

- Healthy Living: Factors to Consider
  - Clear role in stopping and preventing binge eating
  - To stabilize eating if considering surgery
  - Optimal nutrition and activity for good health
  - Requires planning to initiate change; but consistent with "normal" cultural eating.
  - Flexible: Allows easy socializing
  - Recommended for binge eaters; normal to overweight, or obese without health risk factors; obese who have repeatedly failed at weight loss attempts.

- Weight Loss through Lifestyle: Food
  - Balanced, low fat plan
  - 500 calories/day below your energy needs (adjusted for obesity)
  - Very limited exceptions to plan
  - Binge eating shown to stop while on plan, but not clear about long term.
  - Self-monitoring to identify and resolve triggers for binge eating

- Weight Loss through Lifestyle: Activity
  - Goal of 60 minutes of vigorous activity per day
    - Most likely walking or pool work
  - Work up to this gradually

- Weight Loss through Lifestyle: Weight
  - Likely to achieve 5-10% weight loss (15% at best). Average is 8%.
     Sufficient to have positive impact on health, even if temporary.
  - Likely to regain weight over time. Most regain 1/3 within one year and return to baseline within 5.

- Weight Loss through Lifestyle: Health
  - Weight loss in 5%+ range expected to improve health (change risk factors)
  - Even if weight loss temporary, possible benefits to health
  - Much research to suggest that lifestyle change associated with weight loss (improved diet and increased physical activity) accounts for improvement to health.

- Weight Loss through Lifestyle: Body Image
  - Weight loss may improve body image but not a recommended strategy because of weight regain.
  - Recommend CBT for body image.
  - Body image based on self-acceptance of wherever body weight stabilizes (NO goal weight)

- Weight Loss Through Lifestyle: Factors to Consider
  - If binge eating continues, should follow healthy living plan.
  - Must be organized and disciplined, willing to rigorously follow food and activity plan with few exceptions, willing to commit time daily to physical activity.
  - Recommended for BMI between 25 and 40; not experiencing health problems related to weight; not binge eating; not have history of numerous weight loss failures.

- Three reasons to be concerned about this plan:
  - Binging
    - Plan puts you at risk of feeling "bad" or "good" in terms of eating
    - plan is more rigid
    - plan will leave you hungrier
  - Body Image
    - Risk of weight regain is not good for body image
  - Not being level-headed
    - Eating disordered patients are notorious for not being able to stay on plan if successful; want more.

- Work with physician to choose medication
- Medications Approved in Canada:
  - Orlistat (Xenical):
    - Reduces fat absorption in the intestines
    - Side Effects: Abdominal bloating, pain and cramping, fecal incontinence
  - Sibutramine (Meridia), Vyvanse and other stimulant medications
    - Stimulant medications work on your central nervous system
    - Sibutramine was removed from the market for safety reasons
    - When used for weight loss, all these medications increase risk for addiction, medication induced psychosis, heart attacks, stroke and sudden death
    - Vyvanse recommended to reduce binge eating (2 studies where 70mg better than 30mg and placebo)

- Weight loss through medication: Food
  - Food plan depends on medication
    - Balanced deficit food plan for appetite suppressant
      - Central nervous stimulants no longer on the market for weight loss. Vyvanse <u>is</u> on the market to reduce binge eating.
    - Healthy living food plan for malabsorption of fat
  - Self-monitoring to identify and resolve triggers for binge eating

- Weight Loss through Medication: Activity
  - Same as Healthy Living plan
  - Regular physical activity within guidelines.
  - Either structured, or built into lifestyle
    - 60 minutes built into your lifestyle
    - 30 minutes, 5 days per week of planned activity

- Weight Loss through Medication: Weight
  - Weight loss of 5 15% (average 8%) typical and only sustained while on medication.
  - For weight loss to occur, lifestyle changes must also occur.
     Medication supports these changes.

- Weight Loss through Medication: Health
  - Similar to Weight Loss through Lifestyle plan
  - Weight loss in 5%+ range expected to improve health (change risk factors)
  - Even if weight loss temporary, possible benefits to health
  - Much research to suggest that lifestyle change associated with weight loss (improved diet and increased physical activity) accounts for improvement to health.

- Weight Loss through Medication: Body Image
  - Body image based on self-acceptance of wherever body weight stabilizes (NO goal weight)
  - CBT for body image recommended

- Weight loss through Medication: Factors to consider
  - Use of medication recognizes that body will fight weight loss.
  - Some medications have been shown to specifically reduce binge eating. (no longer on the market)
  - You will have to evaluate side effects.
  - Plan for longer term unclear.
  - Recommended for BMI greater than 40, or above 30 with weightrelated health risks (or high waist circumference); not recommended for addressing body image concerns; certain medications recommended for binge eating.

- Weight loss through Bariatric Surgery: Food
  - Healthy living plan if you wish to eliminate binge eating and establish healthy patterns prior to surgery
  - Some programs want you to demonstrate you can follow a weight loss program. If this is true, you will follow weight loss through lifestyle plan
  - Self-monitoring to identify and resolve triggers for binge eating.
  - Following surgery, will work with dietitian on bariatric team

- Weight Loss through Surgery: Activity
  - To best prepare for surgery, fitness desirable
  - Will follow the healthy living activity plan
  - Either structured, or built into lifestyle
    - 60 minutes built into your lifestyle
    - 30 minutes, 5 days per week of planned activity

- Weight Loss through Surgery: Weight
  - Significant weight loss is expected. Up to 50%.
  - Some regain in years 2 and 3.
  - ANY recurrence of binge eating, even if smaller quantities of food eaten, will result in weight regain.

- Weight Loss through Surgery: Body Image
  - Weight loss results in improved body image
  - CBT still recommended because some weight regain likely; recommended BEFORE surgery
  - Are some issues specific to surgery (e.g., loose skin) that need to be considered

- Weight Loss through Surgery: Factors to Consider
  - Must consult physician, preferably at well-established centre for bariatric surgery.
  - Will require life-long medical monitoring.
  - Gastric banding associated with development of "new" eating disorder and weight regain in people with history of BED.
  - Gastric bypass better outcome for diabetes and not associated with "new" eating disorder.
  - Only recommended for BMI over 40 or over 35 with weight related health problems; for those who've tried other weight loss options; no psychosis or substance abuse; ideally eating normalized and binge eating under control.